EX FARTE OR LATE FILED

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

June 27, 1996

RECEIVED

JUN 2 7 1016

Mr. William Caton Secretary Federal Communications Commission Room 222 1919 M. St., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20554

FEDERAL COMMENTS CONTROL TO SESSION

RE: EX PARTE PRESENTATION. Implementation of the Local Competition Provisions of the Telecommunications Act of 1996; CC Docket No. 96-98

Dear Mr. Caton:

This is an ex parte notice, pursuant to 47 CFR 1.1206 of the Federal Communication Commission rules. President P. Gregory Conlon of the California Public Utilities Commission and Jonathan Lakritz of the California Public Utilities Commission staff met on June 25, 1996, from 11:00 a.m. to 11:30 a.m. with Chairman Hundt, John Nakahata and Blair Levin of the Chairman's staff and Regina Keeney from the Common Carrier Bureau. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss interconnection issues and their relationship to state activities in the above docket. Attached is a presentation handout and a letter given at the meeting.

We are filing an original and one copy of this written notice to the Secretary as well as copies to the staff who attended.

Sincerely

Mark Long

No. of Copies rec'd OT List ABCDE



STATE OF CALIFORNIA 505 VAN NESS AVENUE SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94102

K.Gerguey Cunton

TEL:1415) 703-2440 FAX: (415) 703-2432

June 25, 1996

The Honorable Reed Hundt, Chairman Rederal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20554

Dear Chairman Hundt:

Thank you for the opportunity to discuss California's concerns about the upcoming interconnection order. Like the PCC, California has been working diligently to implement local competition in the telecommunications market. As we move forward to implement the terms of the 1996 Act, we urge you to craft rules that will give states the flexibility necessary to foster local competition. The 1996 Telecommunications Act presents both the PCC and states with valuable guidance on implementing local competition.

California's "menu of options" allows the PCC and states to fulfill their respective obligations as defined in Sections 251 and 252 of the 1996 Act. The "menu of options" creates a framework for the PCC to assure that the competitive goals of act are meet and gives the states flexibility to respond to local market conditions and the expectations of consumers. While California has substantial experience in implementing local competition, other states have yet to begin the process. The "menu of options" preserves the advances made by progressive states and provides important and necessary direction to states just starting to implement local competition.

In considering your final rules, we sincerely hope that you will consider California's option approach because it provides a workable solution to many implementation issues that the 1996 Act does not resolve.

Sincerely.

and Stored & President

P. Gregory Conion

President of the Commission

A National Interconnection Program--Balancing The Needs

A Briefing For FCC Commissioners June 25, 1996

Interconnection Rules A Unique Opportunity For The FCC and The States

- FCC's Challenge--Implementing the Act
 - Balance national goals for local competition with state role in Act implementation
 - Rules must be issued in August and easy to implement
- California's Experience Is A Useful Lesson
 - California--the largest market in the nation
 - All the major players participate
 - More competitors in California than any other state

California's Rules Promote Competition

- Our interconnection rules allow for market solutions
 - Preferred Outcomes Competitor Mutual Agreements
 - Review policies in response to market changes
 - Arbitration is a key component of our policy
- Our interim resale rates allow for quick entry
 - Wholesale differential easily determined
 - Based on FCC data

California's Menu Of Options Promotes Competition

- A Product of State Experience and Competitors Interests
 - Represents over 2 years of "hands on" experience promoting and implementing competition
 - Builds on an interconnection framework that competitors and incumbents have found useful
- Allows FCC and States to Meet Their Goals
 - Framework to ensure competition develops in all states
 - Flexibility to states to respond to local market conditions

Highly Detailed National Rules Would Be Problematic

- National Rules Not Easily Crafted
 - States at different stages
 - progressive states could spend valuable time rewriting their rules
 - states just beginning may have extensive upfront preparation
- FCC addresses rules for the first time
- Progressive have experimented
- Flexibility is the hallmark of a competitive market